

WHCSD Scope and Sequence

Eighth Grade

Social Studies 2021-2022

Eighth Grade Social Studies Scope and Sequence

Theme	eme U.S. STUDIES FROM 1492 TO 1877: EXPLORATION THROUGH RECONSTRUCTION The historical focus continues in the eighth grade with the study of European exploration and the early years of the United States. This study incorporates all four social studies strands into a chronologic view of the development of the United States. Students examine how historic events are shaped by geographic, social, cultural, economic and political factors.				
Spiraled Standards	• FLA : RL4 RL5 RL6 W 4 W 5 W 6 (Quarters 1 2 and 4)				
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	
Topics	Early European Exploration and	Independence, American	Expansion	Civil War and Reconstruction	
	Colonization	Revolution, and U.S. Constitution			
Content Statements	 STRAND: HISTORY Topic: Historical Thinking and Skills HIS 1. Primary and secondary sources are used to examine events from multiple perspectives and to present and defend a position. Expectations for Learning: Analyze primary and secondary sources to describe the different perspectives on an issue relating to a historical event in U.S. History and to present and defend a position. Topic: Colonization to Independence HIS 2. North America, originally inhabited by American Indians, was explored and colonized by Europeans for economic and religious reasons. Expectations for Learning: Explain the economic and religious reasons. HIS 3. Competition for control of territory and resources in North America led to conflicts among colonizing powers. HIS 4. The practice of race-based slavery led to the forced migration of Africans to the American colonies and contributed to colonial economic development. Their knowledge, skills and traditions were essential to the development of the colonies. 	STRAND: HISTORY Topic: Historical Thinking and Skills HIS 1. Primary and secondary sources are used to examine events from multiple perspectives and to present and defend a position. □ Expectations for Learning: Analyze primary and secondary sources to describe the different perspectives on an issue relating to a historical event in U.S. History and to present and defend a position. Topic: Colonization to Independence HIS 2. North America, originally inhabited by American Indians, was explored and colonized by Europeans for economic and religious reasons. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain the economic and religious reasons for the exploration and colonization of North America by Europeans. HIS 5. The ideas of the Enlightenment and dissatisfaction with colonial rule led English colonists to write the Declaration of Independence and launch the American Revolution. □ Expectations for Learning: Connect the ideas of the Enlightenment and dissatisfaction with colonial rule to the writing of the Declaration of Independence and launching the American Revolution. Topic: A New Nation HIS 6. Key events and significant figures in American history influenced the course and outcome of the American Revolution.	STRAND: HISTORY Topic: Historical Thinking and Skills HIS 1. Primary and secondary sources are used to examine events from multiple perspectives and to present and defend a position. Expectations for Learning: Analyze primary and secondary sources to describe the different perspectives on an issue relating to a historical event in U.S. History and to present and defend a position. Topic: Expansion HIS 10. The United States added to its territory through treaties and purchases. Expectations for Learning: Describe how the United States added to its territory through treaties and purchases. HIS 11. Westward expansion contributed to economic and industrial development, debates over sectional issues, war with Mexico, and the displacement of American Indians. Expectations for Learning: Explain how westward expansion contributed to economic and industrial development, debates over sectional issues, war with Mexico, and the displacement of American Indians. Topic: Civil War and Reconstruction HIS 12. Disputes over the nature of federalism, complicated by economic developments in the United States, resulted in sectional issues including	STRAND: HISTORY Topic: Historical Thinking and Skills HIS 1. Primary and secondary sources are used to examine events from multiple perspectives and to present and defend a position. Expectations for Learning: Analyze primary and secondary sources to describe the different perspectives on an issue relating to a historical event in U.S. History and to present and defend a position. Topic: Civil War and Reconstruction HIS 12. Disputes over the nature of federalism, complicated by economic developments in the United States, resulted in sectional issues including slavery, which led to the American Civil War. Expectations for Learning: Distinguish among the positions of the sectional issues of the 1820s through the 1850s. Illustrate how disputes over the nature of federalism and into sectional issues and helped lead to the American Civil War HIS 13. Key events and significant figures in American history influenced the course and outcome of the Civil War.	

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colonies. Describe the contributions of	relationships for the American people that	slavery, which led to the American Civil	HIS 14. The Reconstruction Period
enslaved and free Africans to the cultural and	resulted from the American Revolution.	War.	resulted in changes to the U.S.
economical development of the American	Topic: A New Nation	Expectations for Learning: Distinguish	Constitution, an affirmation of federal
colonies.	HIS 7. The outcome of the American	among the positions of the sections of the	authority and lingering social and
	Revolution was national independence and	United States on sectional issues of the	political differences.
	new political, social and economic	1820s through the 1850s. Illustrate how	Expectations for Learning:
STRAND: GEOGRAPHY	relationships for the American people.	disputes over the nature of federalism and	Describe how the Reconstruction period
Topic: Spatial Thinking and Skills	Expectations for Learning: Explain how	into sectional issues and helped lead to	resulted in changes to the U.S.
GEO 15. Modern and historical maps and	new political, social and economic	the American Civil War	Constitution, an affirmation of federal
other geographic tools are used to analyze	relationships for the American people		authority, and lingering social and
how historic events are shaped by	changed after the American Revolution.	STRAND: GEOGRAPHY	political differences.
geography.	HIS 8. Problems arising under the Articles	Topic: Spatial Thinking and Skills	
Expectations for Learning: Analyze the	of Confederation led to debate over the	GEO 15. Modern and historical maps and	STRAND: GEOGRAPHY
ways in which historical events are shaped	adoption of the U.S. Constitution.	other geographic tools are used to	Topic: Spatial Thinking and Skills
by geography using modern and historical	Expectations for Learning: Explain how	analyze how historic events are shaped by	GEO 15. Modern and historical maps
maps and other geographic tools.	the problems arising under the Articles of	geography.	and other geographic tools are used to
Topic: Human Systems	Confederation led to debate over the	Expectations for Learning	analyze how historic events are shaped
GEO 16. The availability of natural resources	adoption of the U.S. Constitution	Analyze the ways in which historical	by geography.
contributed to the geographic and economic	HIS 9. Actions of early presidential	events are shaped by geography using	Expectations for Learning
expansion of the United States, sometimes	administrations established a strong federal	modern and other geographic tools.	Analyze the ways in which historical
resulting in unintended environmental	government, provided peaceful transitions	Topic: Human Systems	events are shaped by geography using
consequences.	of power and repelled a foreign invasion.	GEO 16. The availability of natural	modern and other geographic tools.
Expectations for Learning: Analyze how	Expectations for Learning: Explain how	resources contributed to the geographic	Topic: Human Systems
the availability of natural resources	the actions of early presidential	and economic expansion of the United	GEO 16. The availability of natural
contributed to the geographic and economic	administrations established a strong federal	States, sometimes resulting in unintended	resources contributed to the geographic
expansion of the United States. Explain how	government, provided peaceful transitions	environmental consequences.	and economic expansion of the United
this sometimes resulted in	of power & repelled a foreign invasion.	Expectations for Learning: Analyze	States, sometimes resulting in
unintended environmental consequences		how the availability of natural resources	unintended environmental
GEO 17. The movement of people, products	STRAND: GEOGRAPHY	contributed to the geographic and	consequences.
and ideas resulted in new patterns of	Topic: Spatial Thinking and Skills	economic expansion of the United States.	Expectations for Learning: Analyze
settlement and land use that influenced the	GEO 15. Modern and historical maps and	Explain how this sometimes resulted in	how the availability of natural resources
political and economic development of the	other geographic tools are used to analyze	unintended environmental	contributed to the geographic and
United States.	how historic events are shaped by	consequences	economic expansion of the United
Expectations for Learning: Describe the	geography.	GEO 17. The movement of people,	States. Explain how this sometimes
movement of people, products and ideas that	Expectations for Learning Analyze the	products and ideas resulted in new	resulted in unintended environmental
resulted in new patterns of settlement and	ways in which historical events are shaped	patterns of settlement and land use that	consequences
land use and analyze its impact on the	by geography using modern and historical	influenced the political and economic	GEO 17. The movement of people,
political and economic development of the	maps and other geographic tools.	development of the United States.	products and ideas resulted in new
United States.	Topic: Human Systems	Expectations for Learning: Describe	patterns of settlement and land use that
GEO 18. Cultural biases, stereotypes and	GEO 19. Americans begin to develop a	the movement of people, products and	influenced the political and economic
prejudices had social, political and economic	unique national identity among diverse	ideas that resulted in new patterns of	development of the United States.
consequences or minority groups and the	regional and cultural populations based on	settlement and land use and analyze its	Expectations for Learning:
population as a whole.	democratic ideals.	impact on the political and environmental	Describe the movement of people,
Expectations for Learning: Explain how	Expectations for Learning: Identify the	development of the United States.	products and ideas that resulted in new
cultural biases, stereotypes and prejudices	developments that helped bring about a	GEO 18. Cultural biases, stereotypes &	patterns of settlement and land use and
had social, political and economic	common national identity for the Americans	prejudices had social, political, economic	analyze its impact on the political and
consequences for minority groups and the	and describe the democratic ideals around	consequences for minority groups and the	environmental development of the
population as a whole.	which that identity is based.	population as a whole.	United States.
		Expectations for Learning: Explain	GEO 18. Cultural biases, stereotypes &
STRAND: GOVERNMENT	STRAND: GOVERNMENT	how cultural biases, stereotypes and	prejudices had social, political,
Topic: Civic Participation and Skills	Topic: Civic Participation and Skills	prejudices had social, political and	

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 civic groups can lead to the statiment of individual and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how cuturel biases, stereotypes and biases of individual and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how cuturel biases, stereotypes and biases of individual and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how cuturel biases, stereotypes and biases of individual and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how cuturel biases, stereotypes and biases of individual and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology interce public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and could provide and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and could provide and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and public goals. □ Exp	 1			
regulations take and trade harriers	individual and public goals. Expectations for Learning: Explain how participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals.	 individual and public goals. Expectations for Learning: Explain how participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals GOV 21. Informed citizens understand how media and communication technology influence public opinion. Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology influence public opinion. Topic: Roles and Systems of Government GOV 22. The U.S. Constitution established a federal republic, providing a framework for a national government with elected representatives, separation of powers, and checks and balances. Expectations for Learning: Describe and give examples of how the U.S. Constitution protects citizens' rights by limiting the powers of government. Expectations for Learning: Cite & evaluate how the U.S. Constitution protects citizens' rights by limiting the powers of government. RI.7, RI.8, RI.9 	groups and the population as a whole GEO 19. Americans begin to develop a unique national identity among diverse regional and cultural populations based on democratic ideals. Expectations for Learning: Identify the developments that helped bring about a common national identity for the Americans and describe the democratic ideals around which that identity is based. STRAND: GOVERNMENT Topic: Civic Participation and Skills GOV 20. Active participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals. Expectations for Learning: Explain how participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals. RI.7, RI.8, RI.9	groups and the population as a whole. Groups and the population as a whole. Strance is a social, political and economic consequences for minority groups and the population as a whole STRAND: GOVERNMENT Topic: Civic Participation and Skills GOV 20. Active participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals. Expectations for Learning: Explain how participation in social and civic groups can lead to the attainment of individual and public goals. GOV 21. Informed citizens understand how media and communication technology influence public opinion. Expectations for Learning: Explain how media and communication technology influence public opinion. STRAND: ECONOMICS Topic: Economic Decision Making and Skills ECO 24. Choices made by individuals, businesses and governments have both present and future consequences. Expectations for Learning: Analyze how choices made by individuals, businesses and governments have both present and future consequences. Topic: Production and Consumption ECO 25. The Industrial Revolution fundamentally changed the means of production as a result of improvements in technology, use of new power resources, the advent of the interchangeable parts and the shift from craftwork to factory work. Expectations for Learning: Analyze the Industrial Revolution in the late 18th and early 19th centuries changed the means of production. Topic: Markets ECO 26. Governments can impact

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			 Expectations for Learning: Explain the impact government can have on markets by spending, regulating, taxing and creating trade barriers. RI.1-RI.10 W.1-W.6
Resources • ODE Model Curriculum • History Alive! The United States Through Industrialism Unit 1: Lessons 1-4 • http://www.databases.abc-clio ("Mercantilism, 1754-a776 (overview) American History, ABC-CLIO, 2014." • History: http://www.darke.k12.oh.us/curriculur ocialStudies/EarlyEncounters.pdf • Geography: http://education.nationalgeographic.cc /archive/xpeditions/lessons/15/g912/c atplains.html?ar_a=1 • Government: https://www.facinghistory.org/for- educators/educator-resources/lesson and-units/taking-stand-models-civic- participation • Economics: http://www.econedlink.org/lessons/ind .php?lid=263&type=educator	History. ABC-CLIO, 2014.) History: http://www.discoveryeducation.com/te achers/free-lesson-plans/the- american-revolution-causes.cfm History: http://teachingamericanhistory.org/zve sper/chapter1/ Government: http://72.32.58.69/lesson_plans/Expre ssYourOpinion.php Government: http://westernreservepublicmedia.org/c	 ODE Model Curriculum <i>History Alive! The United States</i> <i>Through Industrialism</i> Unit 4: Lessons 11-14 Unit 5: Lessons 15-17 http://www.databases/abc-clio.com ("Louisiana Purchase (Overview)", "Manifest Destiny, 1790-1850 (Overview)", "Settlement of the West (Overview)", "Settlement of the West (Overview)." American History. ABC- CLIO, 2014.) History: http://www.smithsonianeducation.org/ educators/lesson_plans/borders/intro .html, http://teachingamericanhistory.org/fe d-antifed/ Geography: http://education.nationalgeographic.c om/archive/xpeditions/lessons/15/g9 12/greatplains.html?ar_a=1 Government: https://www.facinghistory.org/for- educators/educator- resources/lessons-and-units/taking- stand-models-civic-participation Economics: http://ecedweb.unomaha.edu/lessons /feoga.htm 	 ODE Model Curriculum History Alive! The United States Through Industrialism Unit 6: Lessons 18-20 Unit 7: Lessons 21-23 Unit 8:Lessons 24-25 http://www.databases/abc-clio.com History: http://ushistorysite.com/reconstruct ion.php; Government: http://westernreservepublicmedia.o rg/constitution/represen.htm Economics: http://ushistorysite.com/industrializ ation.php